

Balavil – why the unrelenting construction of hill roads in the Cairngorms National Park continues

Description



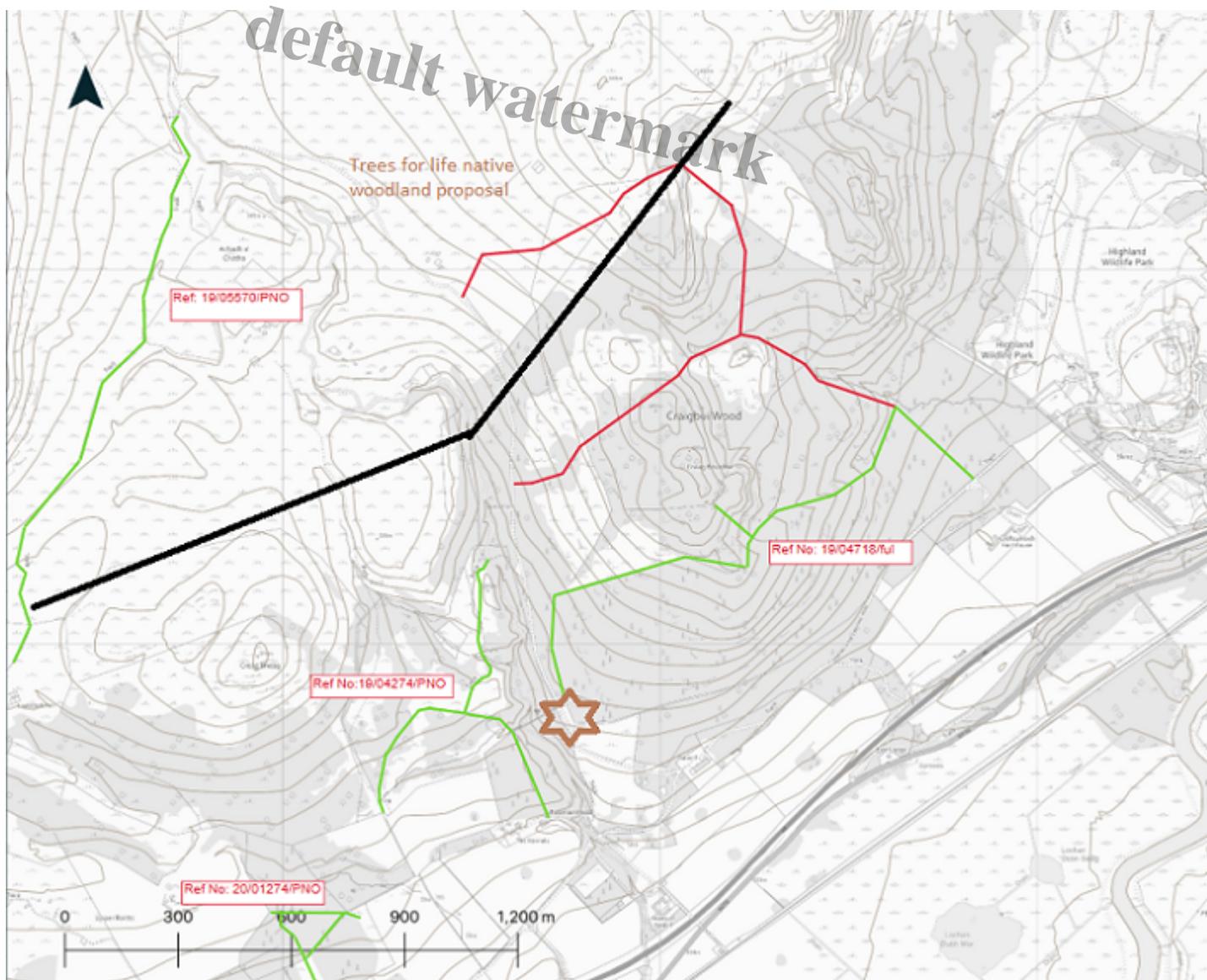
This – borrow pit – does not appear to be depicted in any of Balavil’s plans for new roads on the estate. I have added it to the map below. So what has gone wrong? Photo Credit Dick Webster February 2022.

On 15th April 2021 the Balavil estate submitted a prior notification ([see here](#)) to Highland Council to create 2.6km of new forestry – tracks – around Creagbui, 3km northwest of Kingussie and north of the A9. This is the seventh planning application/prior notification for new roads on Balavil in the last six years. The Cairngorms National Park Authority (CNPA), which adopted a policy presumption against new hill roads in its Local Development Plan, did not – call-in – the – notification – despite being requested to do so by the North East Mountain Trust (NEMT) but left it to Highland Council to decide.

On 12th May Highland Council officers, apparently on the advice of the CNPA, decided that the proposed new roads required "prior approval", i.e they wouldn't just nod them through: they asked Balavil for details of the road construction and evidence that the proposals formed part of an approved Forestry Plan. It's not entirely clear when Balavil responded but new information appeared on the Highland Planning Portal on 13th January and, after re-consulting the CNPA on the 31st January officers granted approval. (The report of handling shows that Highland Council consulted the CNPA and also that NEMT objected to the prior notification although that objection is NOT on the planning portal) .

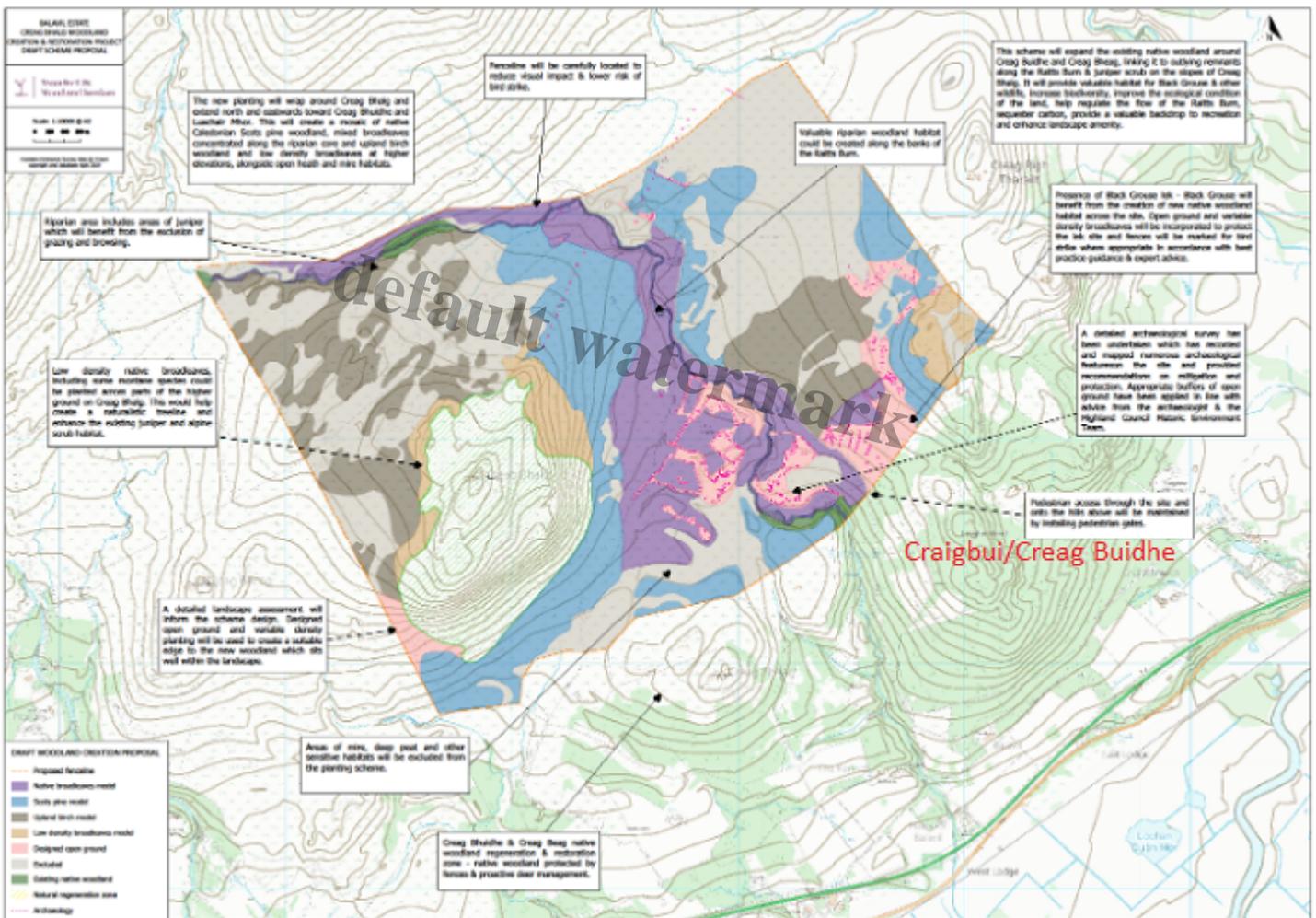
The photos in this post which I was sent last week and entirely by coincidence and the recent history of road development on the site suggest that the information should have been scrutinised far more carefully and prior approval refused.

A road to manage native woodland?



The proposed track is in red, four other roads are shown in green (omitted is the upgrading of the Raitts Road that runs up the Raitts burn and its extension over into the Dulnain). I have added the black line to show the approx boundary for the native woodland scheme, map below, and the brown star to show the location of the quarry. Map credit Highland Planning Portal and OS.

The Supporting Information added to the planning portal on 13th January includes a map of the proposed native woodland scheme. What this map and the map below show is that most of the proposed new road does not lie within the boundary of the woodland creation area:



Balavil Estate Woodland Creation & Regeneration Overview
Courtesy of Trees for Life Woodland Services

Nor does the Supporting Information published on 13th January actually clarify, as Highland Council officers had requested, whether the woodland scheme has been approved by Scottish Forestry. It may have been but Trees for Life Woodland Services phrased their letter of support as if it's not the first time they have provided one to Balavil very carefully:



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Trees for Life Woodland Services is a company registered in Scotland (No. SC063269). Our VAT registration number 258 0125 89.

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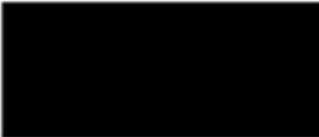
07/05/2020

Dear Mr Culpan,

Creag Bhuidhe access, Balavil Estate

A low impact, sensitively sited ATV access route to the Creag Bhuidhe woodland could assist the estate in the work being undertaking to improve the condition of this woodland. It could provide safe access for deer management, enrichment planting, control of non-native or invasive tree species and ecological monitoring work. These works will improve the ecological condition of the woodlands and increase the value of the habitat for wildlife.

Yours sincerely,



A low impact ATV track could assist with the woodland management! Trees for Life should have known there is already one there for much of the red route depicted on the plan, as photos from the Supporting Information show on the Planning Portal show:



Route of northern track on Creag Bhuidhe)
(facing west)



Eastern section of track through Craigbui Woods
(north facing)

The Supporting Information from 1504 Building and Architectural Services, a small consultancy which was set up in 2017 ([see here](#)), claims:

It is mainly intended that this track will assist in the mobilisation, planting and ongoing management in the estates long term woodland restoration plan on the Creag Bhuidhe/Craigbui Wood area as such the need to carry vehicles and plant into the area in order to undertake these tasks. Therefore the track should be to a standard that it can sustainably support the following vehicles:-

- Quads
- Buggies
- 4x4 pick up
- Plantation harvester
- Forwarding machine (when required)

But why would plantation harvesters and forwarding machines be needed in an area 1504 claim is for native woodland? Google maps suggests that there is no plantation forestry anywhere in the vicinity of the proposed new road:

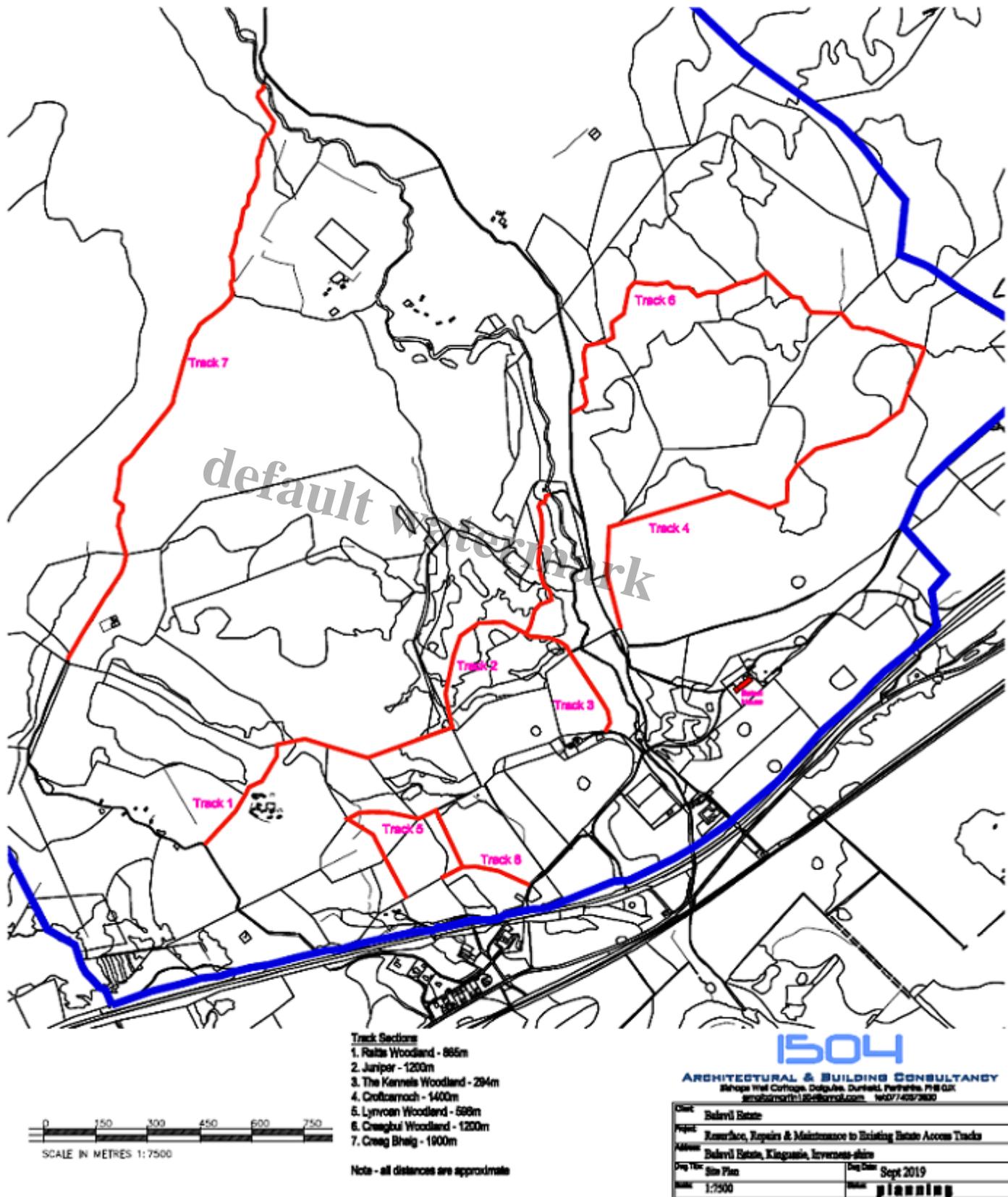


A new road, shown on the map above, running along the top edge of the Croftcarnoch plantation was granted planning permission by the CNPA in 2020 on the grounds it was needed to manage that plantation.

This road therefore â?? just like Pitmainâ??s current proposal to build a motorway behind Newtonmore ([see here](#)) â?? is NOT needed for forestry purposes and should have required full planning consent.

The Prior Notification in context

Officers should have been far more sceptical about this road particularly after Balavil had submitted an application for 7.5km of new roads in 2019 which was later withdrawn:



The plans were removed from the planning portal after the application was withdrawn but I had kept a copy (Ref 19_04036 PNO)

Track 6 represents the road that at the time was planned for Creag Buidhe and was 1.2km long. With a northern prong being added to the Prior Notification that increased the proposed road by 1.4km. This is less track creep, more track explosion. Knowing that more was in store, makes the decision by Highland Council and the CNPA decision to continue to approve tracks on a one-off basis without insisting on an overall plan even more negligent. There is a crying need for all estates in our National Parks to produce overall management plans which are then subject to public consultation.

Here for reference are the eight road applications to date:

Date submitted	Planning Reference	Full or prior notification?	Length	Description	Decision
2016	16/04569/PNO	PN	7kms	Repair to Raitts Rd	High
2018	2018_0400DET	Full	5km	Extension Raitts over watershed to Dulnain	CNPA
2019	19/04036	PN	7.5km	8 tracks	With
2019	19/04274 PNO	PN	1.494km	Upgrade felling licence produced	CNPA
2019	19/0347	Retrospective in part and full	1km	Croftcarnoch Plantation track	CNPA
2019	19/05570	PN	1.9km	Creag Bhalg track upgrade	High
2020	20/01274	PN	142m	Short pgrade	High
2021	21/01816	PN	2.6km	Creag Buidhe	High

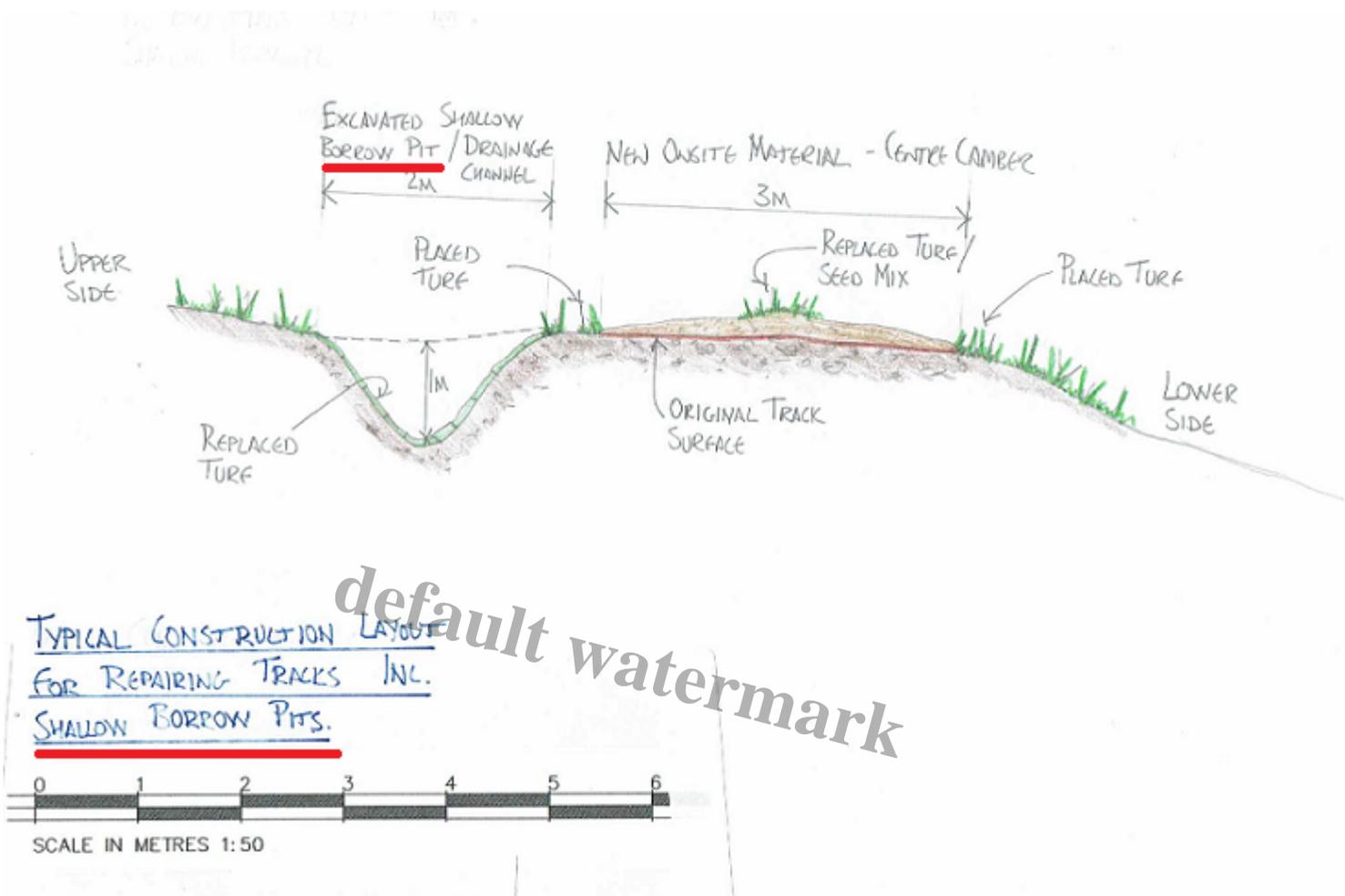
Roads and borrow pits

Roads of course have to be constructed out of something, with all the machinery and destruction that goes along with that, which explains why there is now a large borrow pit on Balavil.



Photo credit Dick Webster Feb 2022

This large quarry by the Raitts Road, however, does not appear to be shown on ANY of the seven plans for new roads that have been passed by the planners over the last six years. Instead, most of the road construction plans in those proposals stated that the material needed for them will be "won" from new drainage ditches alongside them or from local borrow pits:



Similar drawings, all claiming to follow SNH's Constructed Tracks in the Scottish Uplands, have been submitted for most of the roads proposals. This is what the Supporting Information from 1504 stated about borrow pits for the Craighui road proposal:

A short section of steeper track has been constructed along the mid section of the Croftcarnoch track where the gradient falls outwith that of the guidance of the SNH. It was decided that a shorter point to point section of track which minimised the visual and ecological impact on the CraegBui woodland landscape would outweigh that of having to deviate from the fence line of Croftcarnoch forest with an elongated arrangement of S bends to ascend/decend the gradient. The Estate appreciate that any 'wash out' or track erosions through vehicle and weather damage will be continually taken care of as part of the ongoing maintenances.

Furthermore a spur track of approx 100m in length or so has been created from the mid section at the highest point of the track heading north into the Craegbui Woodland which services existing pheasant feeders. As Balavil is also recognised as a Sporting Estate, the need to service locations around the estate such as these with minimal access/egress issues for personnel has been taken into consideration as part the new track planning.

For the most part of this existing track material will be obtained from 'winning' on site, from shallow borrow pits which run parallel to the upper most side of the track or from the material currently contained within the existing tracks. This method efficiently removes the requirement for hauling large quantities of imported material long distances from the public roads into the site.

You would never guess from the claim that this methodology avoids â??hauling large quantities of imported material long distancesâ?• that there was in fact a quarry, which appears in regular use, at Balavil! The weasel word is â??mostâ?•: most of the material will be obtained from shallow borrow pits. In fact, in some of the other road applications/prior notifications there are references to a â??designated borrow pitâ?•, though I have been unable to find any information about its location, who approved it and how it might be restored in due course.

It is presumably the quarry in the photos and that it should have â??slipped throughâ?• the planning process is something the CNPA should investigate.



The Borrow Pit 20th March 2020. Photo credit Dick Webster.

When Dave Morris and I met the estate in 2019 because of our concerns about the new road round the Croftcarncoch plantation ([see here](#)) we were not told anything about the quarry, itâ??s not marked on the maps for that new road and there is no mention of it in the supporting information ([see here](#)). That contains similar words to all the other track applications:

Proposed Materials

- Onsite materials won from parallel borrow pits; general circumference of the excavator.
- Subsidiary materials from saucer borrow pits.
- Larger boulders brought up and laid aside for use at v
- Culverts – 450/600/900mm diameter twin wall plastic

There was no mention of this new quarry either within the report that went to the CNPA Planning Committee, yet within 3 months of the application being approved, the Croftcarnoch road, which runs out of the borrow pit area, had clearly been constructed from materials quarried from it:

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The Croftcarnoch Rd not far beyond the quarry March 2020. Photo credit Dick Webster.

I wonder if CNPA Board Members are aware of this?

The CNPA, having approved this new road, should have monitored its construction and, had they done so properly, might have been far less relaxed about allowing subsequent Prior Notifications for forestry tracks to be decided by Highland Council. If Balavil start using material from this quarry to upgrade/construct tracks around Creag Buidhe, that would appear contrary to the plans that were submitted as part of the prior approval process and should enable both Highland Council and the CNPA to take enforcement action.

So what is the real purpose of the Creag Buidhe road?

Although mostly not within the boundary of Trees for Life's native woodland scheme, as depicted in their map above, native trees have recently been planted around Creag Buidhe and the Prior Notification states this is being done with Trees for Life.



Photo credit Dick Webster Feb 2022

According to the BBC ([see here](#)) Trees for Life "hardly ever uses plastic tree tubes" so why is an organisation that claims to be promoting re-wilding in Scotland doing so here?

As I have been arguing for the last year, we need to get rid of plastic tree tubes and our National Park Authorities should have been taking the lead on this. Had the CNPA called in the planning application for the tracks around Creag Buidhe they could have asked Balavil for more detail about their proposals and ascertained whether they were going to help the state natural environment (carbon, nature, pollution etc) or harm it.

This photo shows that it is not just the new road and its likely impact on landscape, drainage etc which is the issue. By washing its hands of so-called prior notifications for forest tracks the CNPA is abandoning the opportunity to influence woodland practice for the better and so undermining its own statutory objectives. When Forestry and Land Scotland announced at the end of last year that they are going to stop using plastic tree guards this is simply not good enough.

Incidentally, plastic vole guards are also being used over to west on Creag Bhalg which IS within the Trees for Land woodland regeneration area as depicted on the map:



Its hard to see the plastic vole guards but they are marked by the small white vertical lines you can see in the heather. Photo Credit Dick Webster Feb 2022.

New roads, of course, arenâ??t necessary for one off operations like planting trees, whether plastic guards are being used or not.

In my opinion the real reason for most of the new roads on Balavil is to allow gamekeepers to get around quickly and easy, both to feed pheasants and partridges and to â??manageâ?• the animals that prey on them. There is plenty of evidence for that on the ground if CNPA officials were allowed to look (itâ??s not the fault of planning staff that they donâ??t get out of the office enough). When I went to look at the half-constructed road round the Croftcarnoch plantation in 2019, as it was prior to receiving retrospective planning permission, pheasant feeders had been installed close to the section of road. Now new breeding pens are being installed:



Photo credit Dick Webster

If you want to understand what is driving the new roads on Balavil or Pitmain for that matter, itâ??s not woodland creation, itâ??s the intensification of field sports. Pheasant and red-legged partridge need woodland. In their draft National Park Partnership Plan the CNPA to their credit recognised that the release of non-native gamebirds into the National Park was having an adverse impact on the natural environment and committed to investigating how this could be brought under control. One simple way

they could achieve this would be to use their planning powers to refuse permission for new roads and call-in every single prior notification for new roads by sporting estates that are allegedly for forestry purposes.

Category

1. Cairngorms

Tags

1. CNPA
2. hill tracks
3. landed estates
4. planning
5. scottish forestry

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